



Give Them More Good Stuff!

Hot Pepper Basics



Shop and Save

- Choose fresh peppers with bright color and smooth skins that are firm to the touch. Avoid peppers that are soft or wrinkled.
- Should bend a little. Avoid dried peppers with a bright color and the stem attached. The wrinkled skins should bend a little. Avoid dried peppers that are hard and crisp or broken.
- Fresh and dried peppers are available in stores year round. Find Oregon-grown fresh peppers in markets from August to November.
- Peppers are also available powdered, canned, frozen, pickled and as hot sauce.



Hot peppers are rich in vitamins and minerals for good health.

	Fresh Name	SHU Scoville Heat Units	Dried Name
	Anaheim	50 <mark>0-2,50</mark> 0	California Recor Colorado
l	Poblano	1,0 <mark>00-2,0</mark> 00	Ancho
L	Chilaca	1,0 <mark>00-2,5</mark> 00	Pasilla
	Jalapeño ————	2,5 <mark>00-8,0</mark> 00	Chipotle or Morita
	Mirasol	2,500-8,000	Guajillo
	Serrano	10,0 <mark>00-23,</mark> 000	Chile Seco or Balin
	Bola	10,00-30,000	Casabel
	Chile de Arbol	15,000-65,000	Chile de Arbol
	Cayenne	30,0 <mark>00-50,</mark> 000	Cayenne
	Habanero	100,000-350,000	Habanero

About Hot Peppers

- Hot peppers are native to South America and spread first to Central America and Mexico. Today hot peppers are grown all around the world.
- When peppers start growing, they are green. When left on the plant to mature, they ripen into shades of yellow, orange and red and usually become spicier.
- Many hot peppers are given a different name when dried. A dried pepper may have more than one name depending on an area's customs.
- The heat of peppers comes from the capsaicin oil in the inside ribs. When a pepper is cut, the capsaicin spreads to the seeds.
- A pepper's heat depends on its variety, and the soil and climate where it grew. Scoville heat units (Shu) provide a rating of a pepper's heat. Higher numbers are for hotter peppers.

Store Well Waste Less

- Store fresh hot peppers in a container with airflow for up to 2 weeks. Rinse under running water just before using.
- Store dried peppers in an airtight container in a cool, dry and dark place. For best flavor, use within a few months.
- Remove stems and seeds, then freeze until firm on a baking sheet. Package in a labeled freezer container.
- Dry your own hot peppers whole, or dry pieces for grinding into flakes or powder.





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We're on:







Enjoy Hot Peppers

for our

Refrigerator

Pickled

Vegetables

recipe.

Using Fresh Hot Peppers

- Substitute Use caution when cutting hot peppers. The capsaicin can burn sensitive skin, especially if you touch your eyes or nose. Use a fork to hold them or wear gloves. Always wash hands and utensils with soap and water afterwards.
- Remove ribs and seeds to reduce heat.
- Use in salsas, salads, sauces, soups and stews. Add to stir-fries, quesadillas and tacos, or stuff with your favorite filling.
- Add hot peppers to Refrigerator Pickled -Vegetables.

Using Dried Hot Peppers

- Strind into powder. Remove stems and seeds, then grind in a coffee grinder or spice mill.
- * Chop into flakes. Remove stems but leave seeds, then chop peppers into small pieces.
- Season broth or soup. As it simmers, add dried peppers to the pot. Remove them when the broth or soup is done. Throw away, or chop and return them to the pot.
- Rehydrate for cooking. Remove stem and seeds, dry roast in a skillet, then soak in very hot water until soft. Drain away soaking water and use peppers as desired.

Mexican Adobo Sauce

Ingredients:

- 3 **ancho peppers**, stems and seeds removed
- 4 **guajillo peppers**, stems and seeds removed
- 2 **pasilla peppers**, stems and seeds removed
- 2 cups very hot water
- 1 Tablespoon vegetable oil
- 1/2 cup chopped onion
- 4 cloves **garlic**, chopped
- 1/2 teaspoon cumin
- 1/2 teaspoon **oregano** (try Mexican oregano)
- 1/2 teaspoon each **salt** and **pepper**
- 1/2 cup **vinegar** (white or apple cider)
- ½ cup water

Directions:

- 1. Wash hands with soap and water.
- 2. In a skillet over medium heat, dry roast the peppers for 30 to 60 seconds on each side. Put peppers into a bowl, cover with hot water and soak until soft, about 15 minutes.
- 3. While peppers are soaking, heat oil in a skillet over medium heat. Sauté onions until they soften, about 4 minutes. Add the garlic and cook for 1 minute. Stir in cumin, oregano, salt and pepper. Turn off heat.
- 4. Pour vinegar and ½ cup water into a blender. Add softened peppers and onion mixture. Blend on high speed until the mixture is smooth. Scrape the sides of the blender as needed. Add more water, if desired, for the thickness you like.
- 5. Refrigerate or freeze in a container until needed.

Notes:

- Use to marinate any meat, poultry, seafood or tofu.
- Add to flavor enchiladas, tacos, pasta, soups, beans or grains.

Makes 2½ cups

Prep time: 15 minutes **Cooking time:** 25 minutes



When kids help make healthy food, they are more likely to try it. Show kids how to:

- rinse produce under running water.
- **measure and mix ingredients.**
- give their favorite meals a new twist by adding hot peppers fresh, dried, canned or pickled!