



Shop and Save

Choose frozen fish when available. The quality is good and it may be less expensive than fresh fish. Avoid torn packaging, visible ice crystals and fish that bends.

When buying fresh fish, choose pieces that are firm and moist. Avoid fish that is sitting in liquid, or with dark or drying edges.

Choose fresh fish with a mild, ocean-like smell. Avoid fish that smells strong or sour.

In Oregon, buy fresh fish in grocery stores, seafood markets or direct from fishers. Salmon and tuna are available in the summer. Groundfish are available year round.

Fish Basics

Fish is low in fat, high in protein and rich in nutrients for a healthy heart and brain





store Well Waste Less

Plan to cook fresh fish within 2 days after bringing it home.

Refrigerate fish as soon as possible. Place in a container on the lowest shelf to avoid dripping. If not using the same day, refrigerate in a package or container placed on top of ice.

For longer storage, freeze fish in an airtight and labeled container. For best quality use within 3 to 8 months.

Thaw frozen fish in the refrigerator, in a container on the lowest shelf. Use within a day.

Flavor and Texture of Fish

🏶 Mild flavor and flaky

texture — Rockfish, cod, pollock, sole and lingcod are examples of fish called groundfish or bottomfish. Enjoy them in any recipe that calls for white fish.

Bolder flavor and firmer texture — Salmon, tuna and sablefish contain higher levels of healthy omega-3 fatty acids. Enjoy them prepared many ways, including baked and grilled.

Basic Cuts of Fish

Fillets are the sides of a fish cut along the backbone.



Steaks are slices of a fish cut through the backbone.



Whole are fish with guts and scales removed. Head, tail and fins may also be removed.





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Enjoy Fish

Fish Stew

Ingredients:

Tablespoon vegetable oil
2 cup diced celery
2 cup diced onion
2 cup diced carrot
2 cup diced bell pepper (any color)
1 cup cubed potato
1 can (15 ounces) diced tomatoes with juice
3 cups low-sodium chicken broth
4 teaspoon black pepper
4 teaspoon cayenne pepper
4 teaspoon paprika (try smoked)

³/₄ teaspoon **thyme** or oregano

- 1 pound **white fish** (any type), cut into pieces
- 1 Tablespoon **lemon juice** (juice from ¹/₂ lemon)
- 1 Tablespoon chopped fresh **parsley** (optional)

Directions:

1. Wash hands with soap and water.

2. Rinse or scrub fresh vegetables under running water before preparing.

3. In a large pot, heat the oil over medium heat. Stir in the celery, onion, carrot and bell pepper and cook for about 5 minutes.

4. Reduce the heat to low and cook for another 10 minutes. Add a splash of water if needed to keep the vegetables from sticking.

5. Add the potato, tomatoes, broth and seasonings to the pot. Bring the mixture to a boil, then simmer on low heat for about 20 minutes.

6. Add the fish and simmer on low for about 10 minutes. Stir in lemon juice and serve topped with chopped parsley, if desired.7. Refrigerate leftovers within 2 hours.

Makes 6 cups Prep time: 20 minutes Cook time: 45 minutes Go to FoodHero.org for easy, tasty recipes for fish.

Cooking Tips

Fish is quick and easy to prepare. Enjoy it baked, broiled, grilled and sautéed. Or cook fish in a soup or stew.

Before cooking, measure the thickest part of the piece. For each inch, plan to cook for 8 to 10 minutes. Turn the piece once during the cooking time.

Add fish to an oiled and hot saucepan or grill to keep the fish from sticking. You can also coat the fish in flour or cornmeal before adding to a pan.

When fish is done, the flesh is opaque and flakes easily with a fork. The internal temperature will be 145 degrees F.

Include cooked fish in ways you enjoy other proteins such as in tacos, wraps, grain bowls and salads. Try different seasoning mixes and dipping sauces.

Kids Kood, to food, to it. Sho

When kids help make healthy food, they are more likely to try it. Show kids how to:

gather recipe ingredients.

- rinse or scrub vegetables under running water.
- dice vegetables if able to safely use a knife.